EXHIBIT E

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                      UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
                            DISTRICT OF NEVADA
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          BEFORE THE HONORABLE LARRY R. HICKS, DISTRICT JUDGE
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     ORACLE USA, INC., a Colorado
     corporation; ORACLE AMERICA,
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     INC., a Delaware corporation;
     and ORACLE INTERNATIONAL
                                       : No. 2:10-cv-0106-LRH-PAL
 6
     CORPORATION, a California
     corporation,
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             Plaintiffs,
 8
          vs.
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     RIMINI STREET, INC., a Nevada
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     corporation; and SETH RAVIN,
     an individual,
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             Defendants.
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                    TRANSCRIPT OF JURY TRIAL - DAY 2
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                         (Pages 41 through 263)
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                           September 15, 2015
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                            Las Vegas, Nevada
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     Court Reporter:
                              Donna Davidson, RDR, CRR, CCR 318
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                              Certified Realtime Reporter
                              400 South Virginia Street
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                              Reno, Nevada 89501
                              (775) 329-0132
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128 Oracle's lawyer, "The price was no -- no --1 2 no effect whatsoever?" 3 His answer, "No." 4 "Question: So if it had been the same 5 price, you still would have contracted with 6 Rimini?" 7 His answer: "That's what I would have 8 recommended." 9 "As you sit here today, does Birdville have 10 any plans to go back to Oracle support? "I wouldn't recommend it. 11 "And why not? 12 13 "Because of the support we get from Rimini." 14 Customer churn. This may be the most 15 inconvenient fact for Oracle in this case. Five percent of 16 their customers leave every year. It's called churn. 17 Every year five percent of these customers leave for one of 18 these options. 19 Only about 12 percent end up going with Rimini. 20 You'll have to ask the question to yourselves in this case, 21 where are the others going? How can Oracle prove that 22 Rimini Street would have gone back to Oracle rather than to 23 deal with what these 88 percent of these other folks did? 24 The evidence will be this, our customers were on 25 their way out of the door. We just gave them a place to

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                    TRANSCRIPT OF JURY TRIAL - DAY 8
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                        (Pages 1354 through 1638)
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then Ms. Dean, to talk about this, we wanted to raise this issue with the Court to figure out, you know, what was going to be permissible and to discuss in advance what is going to be objected to or not objected to.

So our position is that it would be, frankly, impossible for them to explain this piece of the damages case without being able to say that TomorrowNow and CedarCrestone are infringing alternatives.

THE COURT: All right.

Mr. Webb?

MR. WEBB: Your Honor, I believe the record is very clear. I said that we didn't intend to argue that TomorrowNow was a noninfringing alternative. That's a far cry from having an expert saying the reason they excluded them is because they're infringers.

This is exactly where we were going back when TomorrowNow came into the case. It has gradually gotten bigger and bigger and bigger. Now it's in all the videos that we've seen. It's going to be coming from every expert that we hear from.

And now they're finally going to get that final step which is "and in fact they are infringing," not just with TomorrowNow, but also with CedarCrestone, and there's no proof of either being infringing alternatives, Your Honor. There's no proof.

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1 Elizabeth Dean, Your Honor, although she would talk about 2 some other issues with CedarCrestone.

But the -- you know, since the law says that you have to have a noninfringing alternative, we have to -- as Ms. Dunn said, we need guidance as to how to present it for those two companies.

And Ms. Dunn has the declaration and can read you the paragraphs that were made under oath.

MR. WEBB: One thing, Judge --

10 THE COURT: Excuse me. Let me stay on that 11 subject for a minute.

And, Ms. Dunn, your reference there?

MS. DUNN: I'm sorry. I couldn't hear you.

THE COURT: The declaration?

MS. DUNN: Yes. So I have it in front of me, and I can either read you the part or I can pass it up, Your Honor.

And it's Exhibit 5365 for anyone who might be looking for it.

THE COURT: All right.

Mr. Webb?

MR. WEBB: We have no intention whatsoever of referencing TomorrowNow or CedarCrestone as noninfringing alternatives. That's not going to happen.

The moment they say they're infringing, the jury

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                    TRANSCRIPT OF JURY TRIAL - DAY 9
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                        (Pages 1639 through 1904)
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- Q. All right. Well, let's look on -- so then how you do the calculation in slide 27. Can you explain the calculation on this slide?
- A. So, remember I mentioned earlier that Oracle America provides support. They do so through their access to Oracle International Corporation's copyrights in this case.

So I start with Oracle America's lost support revenue. I apply the specific attrition for these customers. When they stopped using Rimini's support, I assume they would have stopped using Oracle's support, and then I further adjust that for the general attrition rate that we've talked about.

- Q. Okay. So let's stop with that first box. Oracle

 America lost support revenue, you have an asterisk there,

 and it says Less Specific Attrition.
- Okay. What -- would you explain that to the jury.
- A. So, we know something about these customers. When they stopped and cancelled their Oracle support, they did not stop using their product. We know exactly how long they used the product because they were paying Rimini to support the product. So we know that they were using it.

But not all of these customers use the products through February of 2014. Many of them have shorter periods of time. They stopped using the Oracle product,

- they stopped getting support from Rimini, and if they had the RP needs they must have changed vendors at that point.
- Q. All right. So you removed customers who specifically changed vendors; is that right?

then they are no longer using the product.

- A. Yes. I mean, I suppose there's some bankruptcies
 and other things in there, but for the most part, these
 were circumstances where we know the customer was using the
 product up until they finally stopped paying Rimini, and
 - Q. All right. So that specific attrition, what was the effect of that. Over the damages period, how much did that reduce Oracle's lost revenues that you had been estimating?
 - A. So if I had taken all of these same 228 customers and priced out their lost support revenues to Oracle for the whole period until February 14th for all of them, my number would have been 25 percent higher than it actually is by stopping them when they stopped their Rimini support.
 - Q. All right. So you've reduced the revenue base by about 25 percent here, and now you're going to apply a general retention rate.

Is that going to further reduce the revenue that you're estimating Oracle lost?

A. That's right.

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- 24 Q. Okay. And what's the general retention rate?
- 25 A. So, we know historically, we've talked about this

number a lot, I've seen the numbers up on the screen. It's generally around 95 percent for these products.

So when customers decide to stop using the product, they obviously stop their support, and that's what that 5 percent is, the amount of time they stop using the product.

- Q. All right. That takes us to the blue box, Oracle
 America Adjusted Lost Support Revenue. You've reduced it
 by specific attrition and by general attrition. Explain
 the blue box.
- A. So what's left is the amount of Oracle America revenues that would have been generated through the damages period.
 - Q. All right. And then I see that you moved that down to the lower row. Could you explain what you're doing on the bottom half of this chart?
 - A. So for the copyright infringement claim, I can only calculate damages for the copyright holder.

So I have to look at the relationship between Oracle America and Oracle International Corp who holds the copyright, and they have a revenue sharing arrangement between the two companies.

So it's 39 percent of Oracle America's revenue is remitted to Oracle International Corp to pay for the license to have the rights to offer services to its

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